# **Environmental Declaration ISO 14025**

# HÅG Conventio Wing 9811





#### Figure 1

### **Environmental Indicators. From** raw material extraction to HÅG's factory gate:

Global warming:	24 kg CO₂-equ
Energy consumption:	397 MJ
Amount of recycled materials:	26 %
Guarantee period:	10 yr

### NEPD nr:

## **122E**

Approved according to ISO14025, \$8.1.4 : 25.01.2009

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Sueer Fossdal

## Valid until: 25.01.2014

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

## Verification of data:

Independent verification of data and other environmental information has been carried out by Senior Research Scientist Mie Vold in accordance with ISO14025, \$8.1.3.

#### **Declaration compiled by:**

MSc. Guro Nereng

ti Volel Østfoldforskning

norde.n

Product Category Rules for seating solution (Seating, 2005) PCR approved by the Norwegian EPD Foundation's verification committee. See also Methodological Decisions.

### About EPD:

PCR:

EPDs from other program operators than the Norwegian EPD Foundation may not be comparable.

### Information about the producer:

HÅG asa Fridtjof Nansens vei 12 Postboks 5055, Majorstuen N-0301 OSLO, Norway Org.no.: NO-928902749 ISO 14001 certified by Dovre Sertifisering (NO-S-0000016). HÅG's Environmental Management System includes procedures for collection of LCA data and EPD development.

nformation about the product:	Conference/ Visitor Chair
unctional unit:	Seating solution, produced & maintained for 15 years.
Scope of assessment:	This environmental declaration covers the product's life cycle from raw material extraction
	until the finished seating solution, incl. use & maintenance. The user phase is represented
	by a use scenario in Southern Germany. A scenario for disposal is presented.
/ear of study:	2008
Data:	Specific data: 2006, Specific database data: Late 1990s to 2006. (See Figure 5)
Expected market area:	Europe & U.S.A.
Company contact:	Carl P. Aaser, Tel: + 47 22 59 59 10, e-mail: carl@hag.no

Table 1

## **Product Specification**

	Mass kg/seating solution	Share %	% included in the analysis	% from suppliers with a certified Environmental Management System*	% of components with EPD*	System boundaries (see the last page for more information)	Hazardous content
Steel	0,60	9%				A-G	The sitting solution meets the
Aluminium	0,96	15 %				A-G	following minimum emissions requirements in the Greenguards
Other metals	0						certification: Formaldehyde: < 0.025
PUR	0						ppm (< 0.03 mg/m³) (Greenguard certificate).
Plastic	3,71	56 %				A-G	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Wood	0						It has not been possible to obtain data on the content of brominated flame
Textiles	0						retardents & heavy metals. These
Cardboard	1,18	18 %				A-G	chemicals have not been detected in HÅGs production.
Various	0,16	2 %				A-G	
Total	6,6	100,0 %	99,8 %	68,7 %	0,0 %		

\* In % of analysed mass, input to the assembly department at HÅG

# **Resource Consumption**

Table 2

### Material resources

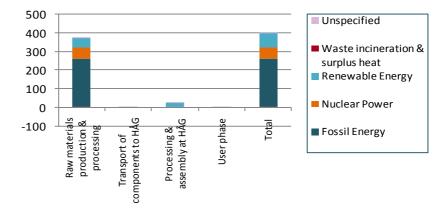
Material resou	rces	Unit	Raw materials production & processing	Transport of components to HÅG	Processing & assembly at HÅG	User phase	Total	Comments
Recycled, renewable	Recycled paper/cardboard	kg/seating solution	0,34				0,34	
resources	Recycled textiles	kg/seating solution						
New, renewable	Water	kg/seating solution	1315		1,7		1317	Including process & cooling water. Not including turbine water.
resources	Biomass as a raw material	kg/seating solution	0,91	2,0E-08	4,3E-05	1,0,E-07	0,91	
	Recycled steel	kg/seating solution	0,324				0,324	
Recycled, non- renewable	recycled aluminium	kg/seating solution	0,29				0,29	
resources	recycled copper	kg/seating solution						
	recycled plastic	kg/seating solution	0,47			-	0,47	
	Iron	kg/seating solution	0,40	4,4,E-05	2,0E-03	3,1 <b>E-</b> 07	0,40	
	Bauxite	kg/seating solution	0,79		6,0E-04		0,79	
	Limestone	kg/seating solution	0,54	1,4,E-04	6,9E-03	1,0E-06	0,55	
New, non- renewable	Minerals, sand & stone	kg/seating solution	1,9	3,6,E-04	2,1E-03	2,5E-06	1,95	
resources	Copper (in ore)	kg/seating solution	1,3E-03		2,6E-05		1,3E-03	
	Coal as a raw material	kg/seating solution	8,0E-04		1,1 <b>E</b> -03		1,9E-03	
	Oil as a raw material	kg/seating solution	1,96		1,1 <b>E</b> -04		2,0	
	Natural gas, raw material	kg/seating solution	11		2,5E-06		1,1	
Unspecified		kg/seating solution					0,36	Water is not included in this calculation in
		%					3,8 %	order to make it more precise.
Total	k	g/seating solution	1				9,4	All resources except for air and water.

## Land use and water resources

Land use has not been quantified. Water consumption is included in Table 2.

## **Energy resources**

Figure 2. Energy carrier distribution, in total and for each life cycle phase (%)



### Table 3: Energy consumption specified for the different energy carriers and life cycle stages

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Energy resources		Unit	Raw materials production & processing	Transport of components to HÅG	Processing & assembly at HÅG	User phase	Disposal	Total	Comments
	Coal	M J/seating solution	82	2,2E-03	0,015	3,1E-04		82	Including lignite
	Oil	M J/seating solution	85	1,3	0,41	0,022		87	
Fossil Energy	Natural gas	M J/seating solution	91	9,1E-03	0,068	6,3E-04		91	
	Peat	M J/seating solution	17	-	3,2E-05	-		1,7	
	Sulphur	M J/seating so lutio n	0,17	1,0E-10	2,8E-06	7,2E-13		0,17	
Nuclear Power		MJ/seating solution	62	2,9E-03	2,6E-02	4,4E-04	See	62	
	Biomass	M J/seating solution	9	1,5E-04	4,5E-04	1,0E-06	Treatment	9	
	Hydro power	M J/seating solution	42	0,014	2,6E+01	1,6E-04		68	
Renewable Energy	Wind po wer	M J/seating solution	10	-	3,3E-04	-	product"	10	
	Solarpower	M J/seating solution	2,8E-03	-	4,5E-06	-		2,8E-03	
	Geo thermal energy	M J/seating solution	0,040	-	-	-		0,040	
Various	Waste incineration & surplus heat	MJ/seating solution	-5,9	-	-	-		-5,9	
Unspecified		MJ/seating solution	18	-	7,8E-03	-		18	Including any use of energy with hydrogen as the energy carrier
Total		M J/seating solution	370	1,4	26	0,023		397	
Total, to factory gate: MJ/seating solution					397				

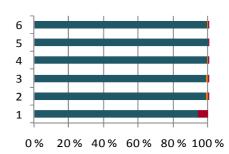
The consumption is calculated based on the NordPool el. mix in the nordic countries (except if the companies buy certified renewable electricity).

## **Emissions and Environmental Impacts**

## Environmental Impacts Table 4

	Indicator	Unit	To the factory gate	User phase
1	Global warming potential, 100 yrs	kg CO2 equ./seating solution	24,0	1,7E-03
2	Ozone depletion potential	kg CFC-11equ./seating solution	3, 12E-05	8,2E-10
3	A cidification potential	kg SO2 equ/seating solution	0,10	2,1E-05
4	Fotochemical oxidation potential	kg ethene equ./seating solution	0,020	2,6E-06
5	Eutrophication potential	kg phosphate equ./seating solution	0,013	1,3E-06
6	Heavy metals, El 95	kg Pb equ./seating solution	1,2 <i>E</i> -04	7,4E-06

The distribution of environmental impact for each life cycle phase (%) Figure 3



## Waste and the most significant emissions, kg Table 5

Emission		Unit	Raw materials production & processing	Transport of components to HÅG	Processing & assembly at HÅG	User phase	Disposal	Total	Comments
	CO2 (fossil)	kg/seating solution	20	0,10	0,040	1,7E-03		20	
	CH4	kg/seating solution	0,075	7,7E-06	3,7E-05	1,2E-06		0,075	
	N20	kg/seating solution	1, <b>1</b> E-03	1, <b>1</b> E-03	8,9E-07	3,6E-06		1,1E-03	
Emissions	NOx	kg/seating solution	0,044	1,0E-03	2,4E-04	9,7E-06		0,045	
to air	SOx	kg/seating solution	0,061	4,2E-05	7,0E-05	1,3E-05		0,061	
	VOC	kg/seating solution	3,9E-03	2,0E-04	1,9E-05	3,7E-06		4,1E-03	
	со	kg/seating solution	0,10	4,4E-04	6,1E-05	3,4E-06	See "Treatment of waste from the final product"	0,100	
	Dioxin	kg/seating solution	8,5E-12	4,6E-17	4,0E-15	3,2E-19		8,5E-12	
	Water to waste treatment	kg/seating solution	6,4	-	13	-		7,8	
	COD	kg/seating solution	0,048	0,048	3,2E-07	3,6E-05		0,048	
	Tot-N	kg/seating solution	3,4E-04	3,8E-08	3,6E-07	1,4E-08		3,4E-04	
Emissions to water	Tot-P	kg/seating solution	2,7E-04	1,6E-09	2,3E-08	1,1E-11		2,7E-04	
	Dioxin	kg/seating solution	2,8E-13	-	-	-		2,8E-13	
	Phosphate	kg/seating solution	7,3E-04	1,6E-09	7,1E-07	3,9E-10		7,3E-04	
	Nitrate	kg/seating solution	6,2E-03	3,9E-08	5,3E-07	1,7E-08		6,2E-03	
	waste to material recycling	kg/seating solution	0,19	-	0,34	-		0,53	Including reuse
	waste to energy recovery	kg/seating solution	0,10	-	0,25	-		0,35	
Waste	waste to incineration	kg/seating solution	9,4E-03	-	-	-		9,4E-03	Without energy recovery
	waste to landfill	kg/seating solution	1,45	-	5,4E-04	-		1,45	
	Hazardous waste	kg/seating solution	0,15	5,8E-06	0,061	4, 1E-08		0,21	Including radioactive waste and slag/ashes.
	Other waste	kg/seating solution	0,18	7,5E-04	2,5E-03	5,2E-06		0, 19	Unspecified waste

Raw materials production & processing

Transport of components to HÅG

Processing & assembly at HÅG

User phase

"Processing and assembly at HÅG" also includes emissions from production of the energy that is used in HÅG's production.

# Additional Information

The Environmental Declaration has been compiled based on the Product Category Rules (PCR) for the product category seating solutions (2005). This declaration fulfills the requirements in the relevant product category rules.

In accordance with the PCR the furniture's lifetime is assumed to be 15 years. However this furniture will normally have a longer technical lifetime. HÅG gives a 10 year guarantee for all of their seating solutions used for up to 8 hours per day.

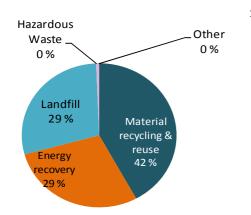
HÅG is committed to environmental protection being an important part of its operations, with focus on the entire value chain of their products. HÅG is ISO 14001 certified and EMAS registered and has Greenguard Indoor Air Quality Certification<sup>®</sup> under the Greenguard Standard for Low Emitting Products for a number of their seating solutions.

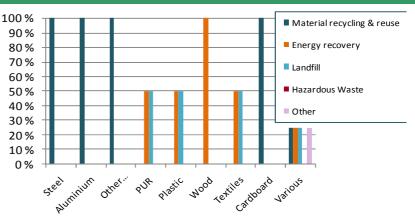
HÅG wants to use recycled and recyclable materials in all of their products and makes conscious choices regarding materials and their content. HÅG endeavours not to use PVC or chromium in new products.

HÅG takes back old office chairs, regardless of brand, with the purchase of new seating solutions. The "Take back" system is also meant to ensure that no HÅG chairs end up on a landfill.

The chair is constructed for a long life, as the mechanical parts and textile cover can easily be changed. The chair is designed such that it can easily be dismantled into pure material fractions for recycling. All of the large plastic parts are marked in accordance with ISO 11469.

# Treatment Of Waste From The Final Product





### Figure 4: Probable waste treatment for HÅG **Conventio Wing 9811**

HÅG focuses on designs that make dismantling and recycling easier, by using the minimum amount of glue and embedding in its products.

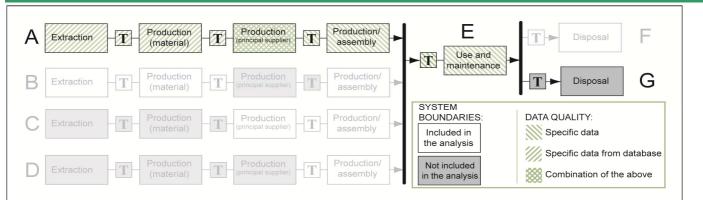
It is currently assumed that the plastic materials go to energy recovery and landfill. None of the components can be viewed as hazardous waste.

#### Figure 5: Probable waste treatment for materials in a seating solution

The seating solution has a technical lifetime that exceeds the maintenance period of the functional unit (15 years). Most of the chairs are therefore reused by new owners. When the seating solution finally ends up in the Norwegian waste system, the construction is dismantled and the various materials are separated.

Given the Norwegian waste system, 42% of the materials are recycled and reused, while the share of recyclable materials in the seating solution is 98%.

# **Methodological Decisions**



#### Figure 5: System boundaries and data quality.

#### **Deviation from PCR: Infrastructure:**

Due to choice of database, infrastructure is included in data for energy, raw material production, transport at sea and rail.

#### Allocation rules:

 Where virgin materials are used, emissions and energy consumption connected with extraction and production are included.

• Where recycled materials are used in the product, emissions and energy consumption related to the recycling process are included.

• Emissions from incineration are allocated to the product system that uses the recovered energy.

to the production system where the waste arises.

• For suppliers with multi-output processes the allocation is based on the mass balance, as this information has been consistently available from suppliers.

#### Energy.

• All emissions and consumption of resources related to the production of energy carriers used are included. Literature data has been used for this. The electricity consumed is assumed to be from the Nordpool mix in the Nordic countries, except for the companies that buy certified renewable electricity.

#### System boundaries:

See Figure 5 and Table 1. Transport upstream is included in "Production (material)". Use:

• Emissions from incineration of waste without energy recovery are allocated The use phase is represented by a scenario for use in Southern Germany. Transport to the customer, vacuum cleaning of the textiles every other year and a textile change once in the maintenance period are included. Washing the metal and plastic is not included. The PCR does not provide detailed guidelines for what should be included in the use phase. The assumptions made are based on experience from office-based companies.

# References

#### Greenquard certificate 973-3

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ISO 14044:2006 Environmental Management - Life cycle assessment- Requirements http://www.greenguard.org/DesktopModules/GGCertificationPrint.aspx?productId and guidelines

ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental The Norwegian EPD Foundation (2005): Product-Category Rules (PCR) for preparing declarations - Principles and procedures.

an Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) for product group Seating framework

Nereng, G. and Modahl, I. (2008): Ostfold Research report, OR 18.08: "Life cycle ISO 14040:2006 Environmental Management - Life cycle assessment- Principles and data for seating solutions by HÅG. Background data for environmental declarations (EPD) of seating solutions HÅG Conventio Wing 9811 and HÅG Sideways 9732" (Norwegian)